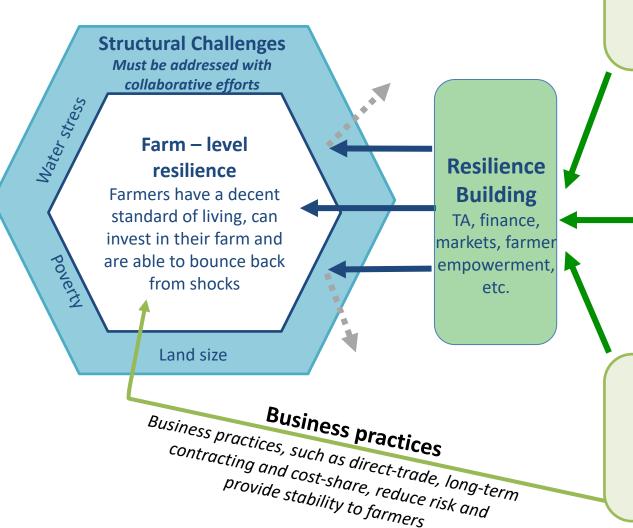
NGOs, government and the private sector are all working to build farmlevel resilience within a supply chain or across a landscape. They can make progress in specific areas (such as productivity), but these efforts often don't "add up" to a sustainable livelihood due to structural challenges.



provide stability to farmers

NGOs

Able to find creative solutions with more flexibility on model profitability and target most vulnerable. Difficult to scale after project completion

Government

If proactive with ambitious goals, can provide scale and institutionalization. Bureaucracy can mean slower pace of change.

Private Sector

Direct influence on farmer livelihoods, but work within profitability constraints. Flexibility needed to manage supply risk can be at odds with farmers' need for stability